taking the ground that it shows Mr. Cleveland to be against annexation or American domination of any sort in the Hawaiian islands, while others hold that he will send

in another treaty more to his liking.
It is understood that the reason for the withdrawal of the treaty by President Cleveland is because he is opposed to the treaty in its present form. Whether or not he will favor the making of another treaty, and whether it will be an annexation treaty or not, cannot be said on authority at this time, but a gentleman who has talked with the President on the subject said this afternoon that another treaty would be made. It is intimated that the President will suggest, either by message or personally, to Sena-tors that a committee be appointed to visit the Hawaiian islands this year during the interval between the adjournment of the special session of the Senate and the reconvening of the next Congress. Mr. Cleveland heretofore has been quite solicitious on this point, and made inquiries as to whether or not the resolution providing for such a commission had gone through. He had been apparently under the im-pression that it had been adopted. He learned that it had not been, but that the Senate had authority alone to provide for such a commission, probably to consist of Senators, and that the contingent fund of the Senate could be drawn on for this pur-

None of the Hawaiian commissioners were ready to express an opinion upon the meaning of the withdrawal of the treaty. "We are willing," said one of them, "to discuss the matter with the new Secretary of State and endeavor to meet the views of the present administration. We are not bound to any particular wording of the document. Whether we would discuss a treaty looking to any other form of union with the United States I cannot say at present." It is said to be the purpose of the commissioners to request a conference with Secretary Gresham at the earliest convenient time upon this new phase of affairs. Secretary Gresham was asked whether or not there was any explanation to be made of the withdrawal. "No," he

replied, "at least not at present."
Rear Admiral George Brown, who returned a few months ago from a three years' cruise in the Pacific, has been or-dered to remain in Washington for consultation with the Secretary of the Navy and the Secretary of State respecting Hawaiian affairs, with which he is thoroughly fa-

Telegrams received to-day from Honolula via San Francisco by the Hawaiian annexation commissioners now in Washington indicate that affairs in that country remain in statu quo. Matters are quiet and a general feeling of satisfaction prevails with the progress of affairs in Washington as they existed when the telegrams were written. The withdrawal from the Senate of the annexation treaty by President Cleve-land to-day is not believed by the commis-sioners to indicate that he intends to crush it by that means, as the commissioners say they understand the executive is inclined favorably to the general proposition to annex the islands. They have as yet received no intimations from officers of the new administration as to the course that will be pursued in the matter, nor have they been in receipt of any communication from the Secretary of State expressing a desire for further consultation regarding it. Both Prince David of the royal family of Hawaii and Paul Neumann, the representative here of the deposed Queen, are out of the city for a few days, the former having gone to New York and the latter to Balti-

Opposed to Annexation.

New York, March 9 .- The committee on polit. ical reform, which hitherto has quite generally represented the views of the Union League Club on matters pertaining to government and politics, received a decided set-back to-night in their endeavor to have adopted a resolution favoring the annexation of Hawaii. Just what cook place at the meeting the members were reticent to say. Gen. Horace Porter presided, and from what could be learned there were some lively speeches against the proposition of the reformists to add to American territory. When the question went to a vote the resolution was thrown out by a large

#### WILL BREAK THE RESERVE. Carlisle Now Prefers That Plan to Issuing

Bonds-Gold More Pientiful. WASHINGTON, March 9 .- The treasury to-day received gold at several points. In New York the gain made in gold was \$100,-000, while at New Orleans it received \$20,000 in gold in exchange for a like amount in silver certificates. Chicago bankers will surrender \$500,000 in gold. No intimation has yet been received that any gold will be exported on Saturday from New York, and at the present rate of exchange it is not thought that any will be taken out of the country. The treasury has now more than \$3,000,000 in free gold, and, in the usual condition of trade, this is likely to be increased rather than to be diminished. It was quite plainly intimated in the Treasury Department, to-day, that as between the issue of bonds and the use of a portion of the \$100,000,000 gold reserve, if necessary to maintain the parity of gold and silver. Secretary Carlisle will resort to the latter plan, but that he does not anticipate that the necessity will arise

Some time ago, when the question of the power of the treasury to use any part of the \$100,000,000 gold reserve was under consideration, Solicitor-general Aldrich was instructed by the Attorney-general to look up the matter. Mr. Aldrich's opinion in

First-The Secretary of the Treasury has the continuing power to issue bonds to redeem the legal tenders of 1862 and 1863, and reissue un-der the act of May 31, 1878, but I am of the opinion that it is not at all necessary. Second-There is no requirement that the re-demption of legal tenders be made in gold. As to the policy of using silver, I am not prepared to urge this action. It might cause a panic, but it would undoubtedly be lawful.

Third-The Secretary of the Treasury has no power to issue bonds not redeemable in either gold or silver. The law stipulates that they shall be redeemed in coin, which means either gold or silver now, and did so mean at the time of the passage of the law.

This opinion, while asked and prepared, was not delivered, owing to the fact that occasion did not demand it. Mr. Aldrich says: "The belief that there is no positive provision of the law requiring that a hundred-million-dollar reserve shall be kept is, in my opinion correct. It is also true, under the law, as I understand it. that all legal-tender notes may be redeemed in coin. This was the case at the period fixed for the resumption of specie payments, to-wit.: Jan. 1, 1879, under the law of 1875."

Chicago's Supply of Gold. CHICAGO, March 9 .- The report of an offer of half a million dollars in gold to the federal treasury from Chicago is probably based on the fact that the First National was short of \$5 and \$10 currency, and telegraphed the treasury that it would exchange \$500,000 in gold for bills of that denomination. By this transaction the bank saves the express charges of 75 cents per \$1,000 for the transportation of the currency. Chicago banks, it is said, have at least \$20,000,-000 in gold in their vaults. One bank has for years carried its reserve, about \$6,000,000 in gold, sealed with the bank examiner's seal.

### SHOOK HANDS WITH GRESHAM,

Diplomates Received at the State Depart-

ment-A Modest Place-Hunter.

WASHINGTON, March 9 .- The monotony of the day at the State Department was broken by the reception of the members of the diplomatic corps by Secretary Gresham. The ceremony took place in the diplomatic parlor, pursuant to invitations sent out yesterday. The attendance was large, nearly a hundred of the ministers and charge d'affaires, with the secretaries and attaches of legation, being present. The members of the Hawaiian annexation commission were included in the list of invitations. When Secretary Gresham entered the room the visitors were ranged along the south, west and north sides, according to the seniority of the legations, beginning with the Italian minister. Introductions were made by Assistant Secretary Wharton. The new Secretary made the tour of the waiting line, shaking each member's hand. After a few words with Baron Faya, dean of the corps, he retired to his room, and the ceremony was ended.

Secretary Gresham was attended by Assistand Secretaries Wharton, Adee and Grinnell, and Private Secretary H. L. Bryan. There were present to witness the John C. Black, ex-Commissioner of Pensiens, who took occasion to renew acquain-

tance with several members of the corps; Mr. Gwin, of New Albany, Ind., and Mr. Andrews, the Secretary's son-in-law. Among the numerous callers at the State Department was one aspirant for office, whose card was unique in the history of place-hunting about the State Department. It read: "J. B. Goshorn, Iola, Kan. Candidate for Consul to Cairo, Egypt." Auother caller was Vice President Stevenson, who remained closeted with Secretary Gresham some time.

## DID NOTHING BUT TALK.

Question of Considering Legislative Matters Discussed by the Senate.

WASHINGTON, March 9 .- The Senate discussed to-day for nearly an hour the question as to the reception, at the present extraordinary session, of any business of a legislative character. While there was some difference of opinion as to the abstract right of permitting the introduction of bills or joint resolutions involving legislation, there seemed to be a general concurrence of views that it would not be desirable to have any matters of that kind acted upon or even presented. Nevertheless, a resolution offered formulating that sentiment was not acted upon, but went over till the next meeting of the Senate, which will be on Monday.

During the discussion Mr. Sherman said that he had looked into the precedents, and had found that, in nearly every called session, running back at least forty years, the Senate had received petitions, resolutions and other legislative matter, although usually it did not act upon them. He had come to the conclusion, therefore, that whatever might be the policy and desire of the Senate at a particular moment, the Senate, being convened by the President of the United States, could exercise all the powers which it could exercise under the Constitution of the United States. It was a mere question of discretion. As a general rule be thought it would be better, when an executive session was called, for the Senate to confine itself to executive business or that business which might be done by the Senate in regard to its organization. He did not think that there was any question of constitutional law involved—only a question of convenience. Following the general precedents, he should feel inclined not to take up any matter that could not be acted upon definitely by the Senate.

#### MINOR MATTERS.

Deputy Controller of the Currency Nixon Resigns and Leaves the Capital.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, March 9.—Hon. Robert M. Nixon, of New Castle, Deputy Controller of the Currency, handed his resgination to Controller Hepburn to-day, to take effect at the pleasure of the Secretary of the Treasury, and to-night he left the city for Cincinnati, his future home, where he becomes president of the Fifth National Bank of Cincinnati. He will not return here. Before leaving his office this afternoon Mr. Nixon was tendered a reception by the clerks in the Controller's office. They all came in and bid him good-bye and sincerely wished him success in his new field. Then they presented him with a large and beautiful solid gold watch chain. Mr. Nixon has not only filled his office with satisfaction; he has proven a capable official in every way, and has been extremely popular in and out of his official

Cleveland Will Let the Tiger In. NEW YORK, March 9 .- Richard Croker, the Tammany chieftain, is quoted as having expressed himself as follows in a Washington dispatch: "I have seen Mr. Cleveland several times since I have been here, and the relations between him and Tammany are very friendly. I think the President will treat us very well, as he seems kindly disposed toward us. I am not after any particular offices, for the reason that I think nothing will be gained by crowding matters just now, when the President is so rushed with business. He should have time to look over the field and I know that he will do the right thing

Want All the Power They Can Get. WASHINGTON, March 9.- There was a story out to-day that the Democratic caucus committee intended reporting in favor of a plan which should take all patronage from the elective officers of the Senate and cause all appointments of Senate employes to be made by the caucus direct. In relation to this it is known that the committee has had all it could do to consider the important subject of committees without going into the other matter of organization of the elective officers of the Senate and the reorganization of the clerical and working forces.

Collins Will Start Next Month. Boston, March 9 .- Hon. Patrick A. Collins, who was to-day appointed consul-general at London, said this afternoon: "Of course, the appointment was not wholly unexpected. I was in no sense an applicant for that or any place, but when approached on the subject generally I simply named it as the only one that I could take. My aversion to official life in Washington was so well known that an early stop was put to any consideration of me for service there. I shall probably be obliged to start early next month."

Business Men Need Not Apply. WASHINGTON, March 9 .- Postmaster-general Bissell is accredited with the announce ment that no local business men need apply for postoffices under his administration. He objects to commissioning local business men as postmasters for the reason that the actual duties are performed by irresponsible and often incompetent clerks and substitutes. Postmasters under Mr. Bissell must promise to devote their entire time to the work, and personally keep strict office hours.

The Block Tin Bill Falled.

Washington, March 8 .- It can now be stated definitely that the block tin bill failed of enactment after passing the House and being unant-mously reported to the Senate from the commit-

General Notes. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

WASHINGTON, March 9 .- A. J. Kelly, of Terre Haute, who is here, declares that he is seeking

Miss Elizabeth Fisher, of Noblesville, who has been visiting the family of Capt. John R. Leonard for some months, has gone to her home. Mr. and Mrs. James D. Davis, of Indianapolis, are at the Howard.

Secretary Carlisle to-day appointed his son. Logan Carlisle, chief clerk of the Treasury Department, vice Stocks, resigned. Assistant Secretary of the Navy Soley, Admiral Gherardi and Commodore Ramsey held a conference to-day at the Navy Department regarding the changing of the date of the naval review. It was decided that the rendezvous should take place in Hampton roads, April 17. On April 24 the fleet will sail for New York, where the review will be held on the 27th of April.

### KANSAS MAY BE REDEEMED.

Ballot Law That Will Effect the Populist Method of Voting Passed by the Legislature. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

TOPEKA, Kan., March 9.-The Legislature to-day passed the Australian ballot law. The Republicans voted for it on the ground that it would make it impossible for the Populists to herd their voters together at the country school houses on election day and march to the polls in droves and vote them like so many sheep. Governor Lewelling will sign the bill. The time for final adjournment of the Legislature was extended to Saturday noon. No railroad legislation will be enacted at this session. All the appropriation bills cannot be passed by Saturday noon, and an extra session will undoubtedly be called in

Senator Allen to Be Reappointed. OLYMPIA. Wash., March 9.-The final ballot -the one hundredth-was taken in joint session of the Legislature to-day for United States Senator. It resulted as follows: Allen, 50; Turner, 24; Griggs, 8; Shaw, 15; scattering, 14. The joint session then dissolved. It is expected that Allen will be appointed by the Governor.

Beckwith Reappointed. CHEYENNE, Wyo., March 9 .- A. C. Beckwith, who was appointed Senator from Wyoming two weeks ago by Governor Osborne, was to-day reappointed. The first appointment was made before the vacancy existed, and, it was feared, would not be regarded as legal.

General Noble Back to His Old Desk. St. Louis, March 9 .- Gen. John W. Noble, ex-Secretary of the Interior, arrived home from Washington this morning, and, after breakfast, proceeded to his office, where he was seen later. The General's old desk, which he discarded four years ago, when he left for Washington to accept the position of Secretary of the Interior, had been put in order for him. He has started in to resume his practice of law and will not dabble in politics soon, he says.

### JONES LESS VITUPERATIVE

Georgia's Beelzebub-Scarer Induced to Use Less Billingsgate in His Talk.

Change of Methods That Gives Hope There Is a Chance for Saving Even Such a Sinner as the Revivalist-Other Indiana News.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

Кокомо, Ind., March 9.-The Jones meetings continue with interest unabated. Hundreds are turned away daily unable to get inside the doors. Rev. George Stewart. who for the past five years has been assisting Jones in his evangelical work, has created a very favorable impression, and his sermons are better and attract fully as large crowds as the more distinguished Dr. Sam's. Rev. Stewart is one of the ablest preachers ever heard in Kokomo. The choir of three hundred voices, under the leadership of Professor Excell, also a member of the Jones party, is an appreclated feature of the meetings. Rev. Jones. has, in a large measure, changed his style of preaching, and now couches sermons in nore dignified less vituperative laguage. This undoubtedly done at suggestion of the Kokomo Pastors' Association, which body was responsible for his coming. To-day an excursion came in from the west on the Clover-leaf road, bring many from Frankfort and other points. On Friday evening Jones will have a meeting for men exclusively, to lecture them on the proper treatment of their wives and families. Four meetings are held daily, and the average attendance is about 4,500. At the afternoon and evening services the tabernacle, seating six thousand, will not accommodate the

The meetings have attracted a gang of pickpockets, who are reaping a harvest. Five ourses were reported stolen last night, of the police. The report that the pickpockets belong to the show is a mistake, It is believed they are hangers-on of the Wallace circus, now in winter quarters at

Doesn't Approve of Jones.

To the Editor of the Indianapolis Journal: Knowing that you are not in accord with the Sam Jones plan of brutalizing the colored race, because they are not wealthy, I wish to ask some of the white brothers of this city, through your columns, while they are indorsing all that Jones says, to please remember that we have not had the edvantages of accumulating wealth, yet they will find very few colored men in Kokomo who depend upon the blackberry season or watermelon and opossum for their living, even if they are compelled to resort to these means in Georgia, where Mr Jones and his Southern friends have kept the negro down. He says our people are treated all right. If he calls the Kluklux and shotgun policy all right, then we are bound to differ from him. I would say to those gentlemen who think Mr. Jones is too good to stop in a hotel that has a barroom attached, that I have never seen a hungry man or child turned away from the door of that same hotel, as I have seen them turned away from other Christian houses in this city. I have lived in the South, and can say that it was a common thing to see a colored man dangling to a tree or given notice to leave the country because he meddled in politics. I have heard dozens of the best white people in this city denounce Mr. Jones for his talk about the "nigger," as he calls us. Kokomo, Ind., March 9.

Mrs. Vordermark Granted a Divorce. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., March 9 .- The Vordermark divorce case, which has caused much. local comment, was decided to-day. Mr. Vordermark, who is a leading business man, began the suit here, but it was taken to Bluffton, before Judge Daily, on a change of venue. Mrs. Vordermark entered a cross-complaint, asking for a divorce and \$20,000 alimony. A crowd of witnesses were summoned, and much sensational testi-mony was brought out. Mr. Vordermark's application for divorce was decided against him, and Mrs. Vordermark's claim for divorce was granted, with \$2,500 alimony, and the provision that Mr. Vordermark pay the costs of the trial. The attorneys returned to this city last

Driving Club for Muncle. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

MUNCIE, Ind., March 9 .- A number of Delaware county horsemen have taken the preliminary steps in organizing a driving club in this city. The object of this organization is to give Muncie a season of spring races, which will be held under the auspices of the club, at the fair ground in this city, the last week in June. Prominent among the gentlemen who are taking an active part in the organization of the club and in securing the races are Marc Claypool, secretary of the Delaware County Agricultural 80ciety, Charles Anthony, G. H. Andrews, John A. Wilson and others. Purses of \$200 and \$300 will be offered, and many good horses are already booked for the races.

Attempt to Swindle Farmers,

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WABASH, Ind., March 9 .- Three men going under the names of George Vanderpool, John Griffin and W. S. Luttimer have been victimizing farmers in the northeast part of this county with the piano "racket." They induce farmers to sign contracts for an agency, which afterwards turn up as promissory notes. Their last victim was Jacob Kuyler, but he discovered the trick in time, and with the aid of his son John, made the place so hot that the confidence men have left.

Engineer Baines Accidently Killed. Special to the Indianapoils Journal,

GREENSBURG, Ind., March 9 .- Daniel Baines, engineer of the spoke and rim factory, received an injury to-day from which he died shortly afterwards. He was blowing off the mud valve when a piece of pipe flew up and struck him on the forehead. He started to walk home, and on his way fell on the pavement and soon after died from a blood clot on the brain. He leaves a wife, a bride of six months, and three children by a former marriage.

Oil Saved, but Gas Wasted,

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. PORTLAND, Ind., March 9 .- Four oil wells just completed on and near the Richtson farm, in Jackson township, this county, produce over one thousand barrels of oil a day, and materially widens the oil field in Indiana. It is estimated that more gas is wasted in this field than is used to supply the city of Indianapolis.

Should Not Have Banked in a Tea Chest. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. SPENCER, Ind., March 9 .- Jacob Price, an old man near Jordan village, concealed \$300 in a tea chest in his cellar. Last night two burglars entered the house and, finding him alone in bed, choked him until he revealed the siding place of his money, which they secured and escaped.

Damage Suit Against the L. E. & W. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. PERU, Ind., March 9 .- Willett Fisher, of New

York, injured in the Lake Erie wreck at this city January last, and who has been lying in the hospital ever since, to-day brought suit against the company for \$10,000 damages, alleging defeetive bridge, track and trestle approach.

Fell Fifty Feet Into the Water. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. BEDFORD, Ind., March 9 .- John Brown, a car-

penter on the Belt railway of this city, had a narrow escape from death this afternoon. While working on a trestle he fell about fifty feet, but landed in the water. His injuries are not considered necessarily fatal.

John Brown, living near New Ross, has in his possession a pig which has but one eye, one ear and no tail. It is a great curiosity, and crowds of people go to see it every day.

The remains of Edward Z. Floyd, late of Indianapolis, were taken to Noblesville for inter-ment. Mr. Floyd was a brother of Lieut Dan Floyd, of the United States army, now stationed at Columbus, O., and who was present at his brother's funeral. He was also a brother of the late Maj. M. H. Floyd, of Indianapolis, and of where the deceased was well known and had a large circle of friends.

Obituary. DAYTON, O., March 9.—Rev. B. F. Booth, D.D., secretary of the United Brethren Board tof Missions, died here to-day.

CHICAGO, March 9 .- Maj. B. W. Woodruff, a native of Tennessee, died at the residence of Frank Root, on South Paulina street, this city, last night, of pneumonia, aged tifty-eight years. The dead man was widely known as a racing official, having in the course of the last few years acted as presiding judge on many of the leading tracks of the country. He was a ser-

geant maj or of artillery in the confederate army, and fough t through the civil war on the Southern

ROMANCE OUT OF THE ORDINARY.

Son of a Swedish King Becomes a Revivalist, and Weds a Danish Maiden at Chicago.

CHICAGO, March 9 .- The son of a Swedish king was married in the little church at Maplewood and Dania avenues, this city, last night. He is known to the few whom he has met in Chicago as Konrad St. Jernfeldt. His bride is Miss Kathinks Paulovons Petersen, of No. 778 Dania avenue. Romance, determination and originality surround the character of the young man. Karl XV, of Sweden, was his father. He was graduated from the University of Stockholm with high honors, and, baving a penchant for music, was about to start on a famous career as an opera singer. One evening, while out for a stroll about quaint Stockholm, he heard the appealing strains of sacred music. Out of curiosity he walked over to the church. Somehow the hymn moved him, and when St. Jernfeldt walked out of the door that night he had made up his mind to enter actively into the work of the Christian religion. Operatic engagements and arrangements were cancelled.

A little over a year ago Konrad St. Jern-feldt landed at Boston. He kept the fact of his royal blood secret. Few who listened to his sermons dreamed that his father had held the scepter on the Swedish throne. The young toreigner began work at once as a revivalist. He would hire a church, and hold meetings for two or three weeks. Then he began at a new location, but always in a large city. His work was among those of his own nationality. From Boston he went to New York, from New York to Ohio, and thence back to New York. Months ago he arrived in Chicago, and began a course of study at the Theological School of the Northwestern University. His purpose was to fit himself for the Christian ministry. He progressed so well that something over six weeks ago he was sent out to preach at the Norwegian Methodist Church on Maplewood avenue.
Through his coming before the people of
this church he met Miss Kathinka Peteron. She was handsome and tweaty-one. She had been prominent in work among the various clubs and societies of the church. It was a very short time until the new minister was telling Miss Peterson that he loved her, and, his passion being reciprocated, an early marriage was the logical sequence. The affair was celebrated with great eclat by the cream of this city's Scandinavian population. Mr. St. Jernfeldt declines to say much about his future prospects. It was learned, however, that for the present he and his bride will reside at No. 778 Dania avenue. He will continue his theological studies.

#### TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Mrs. Edgar Woods and four children attempted to cross Cedar creek, at Glensford, Ga., yesterday, and all were drowned.

The grand jury at Atlanta has found an indictment against Miss Julia Force, charging her with the murder of her two sisters. The York Assembly has adopted an amendment to the Farquhar blanket ballot bill permitting the use of party emblems.

While a party of negroes was playing cards at Gallaway, Ark., E. J. Patten, a white, entered the room and shot two of the gamblers. Ephraim Young a director of the defunct Spring Garden National Bank, of Philadelphia, has been found guilty in the United States District Court of conspiracy with President Kennedy and the cashier and with embezzling the funds of the corporation.

The stockholders of the Washburn-Moen Manufacturing Company has voted to increase the capital stock of the company from \$2,509,000 to \$3,000,000. The increase have been rendered necessary in order to enlarge the capacity of the new works at Waukegan, Ill.

Attorney-general Stockton, of New Jersey, has officially pronounced the parochial school bill before the Legislature unconstitutional on the ground that it provides for the appropriation of public money to private corporations. This opinion will probably kill the bill.

Secretary Culp, of the world's fair committee on ceremonies, has set apart Sept. 2 as "Catholic education day." Festival Hall has been engaged for a celebration from 9 A. M. until noon. The ceremonies will be carried out under the direction of Bishop Spalding. The National Cycling Association of America

met at New York yesterday and adopted a con-

stitution and racing rules. This association effeeted temporary organization at a meeting held in Philadelphia, some weeks ago, and yesterday a permanent organization was effected Fear that the Oklahoma Legislature will amend the divorce laws and make it more difficult tosecure a separation has caused a great rush of divorce cases in the courts at Guthrie. Probate Judge Lawrence granted six divorces Wednes-

day, and new cases are being filed daily. The Rev. Samuel T. Beiler, D. D., has been elected vice chancellor of the American University at Washington. Dr. Beiler graduated from the Ohio Wesleyan University, from the school of liberal arts and the theological department of the Boston University. He enters upon the du-ties of his office April 1.

Losses by Fire.

MILWAUKEE. March 9 .- About a dozen persons were more or less injured this morning by a fire which almost completely destroyed Romad-ka Brothers' trunk factory. The loss will exceed \$55,000; insured. Nearly all the injured were others were injured by falling timbers. They are: John Kress, Albert Christine, Charles Rafferty, Florence Donohue, Lieutenant Muskow, Captain Sebastian Brand, John Gezewski, Adolph Cotten, John Radke.

BALTIMORE, March 9.—Fifty blooded horses and several Holstein-Friesian cows were burned to death, last night, on the extensive stock farm Riverbank, in Baltimore county. The loss on buildings and stock is estimated at \$45,000. The property mostly belonged to (). O. Wilson, The most valuable horse burned was Cabash, by Bashaw, jr., dam Cachuca. He was valued at

GRINNELL, Is.. March 9.—The buggy plant of the Spalding Manufacturing Company burned to the ground last night. Loss, \$50,000, insurance, \$25,000.

Injured by the Niagara Ice Gorge. BUFFALO, N. Y., March 9.—The weight of the ice in the gorge below Niagara Falls this afternoon crushed and destroyed the lower part of

the inclined railway building where the office was located. The crash came with great suddenness, overturning the stoves and setting the light wooden structure on fire. Edward Lane, the ticket taker, was in the office at the time, and was unable to save himself. He was rescued very badly injured and only just alive. It is feared he will die. An Anti-Crinoline Crank Silenced.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., March 9 .- Mr. Boisseau, of Dado county, introduced into the House, to-

day, a resolution which provided that the crin-oline should be kept out of the State, and for the infliction of punishment upon the person wear-ing it. Dr. Abbell, of St. Louis, was on his feet in a moment, and offered an amendment to the effect that should the crinoline be worn within the State Mr. Boisseau be compelled to wear it The amendment had the desired effect, and, amid roars of laughter, Mr. Boisseau withdrew

### MARCH MAGAZINES.

Hon. J. M. Rusk, the recently retired Secretary of Agriculture, gives, through the North American Review, his ideas of what American farming will be one hundred years hence. As might be expected, he does not indulge in any Bellamylike visions or any baseless flights of fancy, but makes his estimates on the present tendencies and what he considers likely to be the future conditions as to population and trade relations. Coming changes in farming methods will, he thinks, be brought about by a wide knowledge and application of scientific principles. The matter of annexing Hawaii is discussed from different standpoints by Lorrin A. Thurston, ex-Prime Minister of Hawaii, and George Ticknor Curtis. The latter treats of the constitutionality of such proceeding. "Modern Insurance and Its Possibilities" is a theme on which a number of leading insurance men give their views. Madam Adam, the French writer, has a chapter of interesting personal recollections of George Sand. Hon. A. B. Hepburn writes of "National Banking and the Clearing House." Topics of the other papers are: "Fads of Medical Men," by Cyrus Edson, M. D.; "Conceptions of a Future Life," by Archdeacon Farrar: "High Buildings and Earthquakes," by Prof. Shaler; "Spain at the World's Fair," by the Spanish minister; "Claims of New Mexico and Arizona to Statehood," by the respective Territorial Governors, and "England in the Orient," by Prof. A. Vambery.

The American Journal of Politics professes to be "a magazine for intelligent men and women who read and think on vital question of the times," and its range of topics shows that there is to be no limitation of the field. Among the subjects discussed in the March number is that of the benefits to be derived by the Nation from making New York and its contiguous cities into a State of the Union separate from the rural parts of the several States whose interests ther now control. "Manhattan" is the name suggested for the proposed new State. Other topics considered are "The Nicaragua Canal," "A National Limited Liability Act," "Is Prohibi-

# U. S. Government Baking Powder Tests.

The report of the analyses of Baking Powders, made by the U. S. Government (Chemical Division, Ag'l Dep't), shows the Royal superior to all other powders, and gives its leavening strength and the strength of each of the other cream of tartar powders tested as follows: LEAVENING GAS.

ROYAL, Absolutely Pure, .

13.06 . . 160.6 12.58 . . . 151.1 11.13 . . . 133.6 The OTHER POWDERS TESTED are reported to con-9.53 . . . 114. tain both lime and sulphuric 9.29 . . . 111.6 acid, and to be of the following 8.03 . . . 96.5 strengths respectively, . . 7.28 . . . 87.4 4.98 . . . 65.5

Per cent. Cubic in. per oz.

Royal Baking Powder is absolutely pure, and of greater leavening power than any other powder.

From Old Kentucky to Indianapolis by First Train.

BEDFORD, Trimble Co., Ky., Feb. 16, '93. DR. NOTT RUPTURE CURE Co., 2012 W. Wash. st., Indianapolis, Ind.: Gentlemen-I desire to add my statement and testimony to the great worth of your treatment for rupture. While mounting a fractious horse, was ruptured on both sides. I wore a truss, it hurt me, and was the direct cause of a serious bladder and kidney trouble. I knew I was "no good" in that condition. Our local physicians told me that rupture could not be cured, and to not give any one my good money. I read one of Dr. W. H. Nott's circulars, and took a train for Indianapolis, and was soon convinced that Dr. Nott knew something about rupture. I took my first treatment Oct. 21, '92, my second on Oct. 29, and I am again as sound and healthy as I ever was. I would not be back where I was before Dr. Nott cured me for \$5,000, and write this letter for the good it may do others.

We answer mail inquiries promptly, accept no pay until cure is effected, and guarantee to cure any case we undertake. Examination and cousuitation free. Send your name and address for testimonial circular. Dr. W. H. Nott has had twenty-two years' experience, and for nine years has confined his practice to Hernia exclusively. DR. NOTT RUPTURE CURE CO., 2012 W. Washington street, Indianapolis, Ind.

tion Practicable!" "Civil-service Reform," "Currency Object Lessons," "One Way to Avoid a Deficit." "Low Wages vs. Cheap Production," and "The College Professor in Politics." New York, 114 Nassau street.

The March Harper opens with a "write-up," by Julian Ralph, of "Our Own Riviera," the Florida tourist region. It is an entertaining article, but has a trifle too much of the advertising flavor. "The Face on the Wall" is a very unpleasant story by Mrs. Deland, which seems to offer no good excuse for the telling. An article by the late Theodore Child is descriptive of the Escurial—the monastery of St Laurence, the "eighth wonder of the world," near Madrid. W. D. Howells contributes several poems, each expressing a deeper and more serious thought than is often discoverable in his prose. His "Ques-

"Where, in what land, or on what lonely seaf When, in the light of what unrisen sunf-

Under what fatal planet!—"
reminds the reader of T. B. Aldrich's "Untimely Thought." A feature of the number is a paper by Henry M. Stanley on "Slavery and the Slave Trade in Africa." Richard Harding Davis, who is given to youthful enthusiasms, writes in a eulogistic strain of young William Astor Chanler, who has gone on an expedition into Africa, the venture being chiefly remarkable from the fact that Mr. Chanler has a fortune and goes into the wilderness for pastime. Henry L. Nelson has a chapter on Washington society. Two serial stories are by A. Conan Doyle and Constance Fenimore Woolson, respectively.

The most notable contribution to the March Century is the account of Napoleon's departure to Elba, as written by Admiral Sir Thomas Ussher and preserved among his papers. There is another installment of the correspondence between General and Senator Sherman. Henry B. Fuller writes of Westminster Abbey, the article being handsomely illustrated by Joseph Pennell. Edward Lewis Curtis tells of the present condition of Old Testament criticism. Thomas A. Janvier continues his pleasing sketches of his tour through Provence. Washington Gladden describes the further progress of municipal reform in the city of Cosmopolis. The two serials, several short stories and sketches, and a number of poems of average quality, make up the number

Through the Magazine of Art, American art lovers are enabled to know what foreign painters are doing. The March number opens with an illustrated account of pictures exhibited by the Royal Society of Painters in water colors. The "Art Life of John Leech" is the subject of an illustrated paper. The question of a new fine art copyright act is discussed by the editor, who also describes an old masters' exhibition lately given in London. "Dagnan-Bouveret" and "Mr. Timothy Cole and American Wood Engraving" are the subjects of other papers. "La Zingarilla," a photogravure of a painting by Luke Fildes, forms the frontispiece of the number.

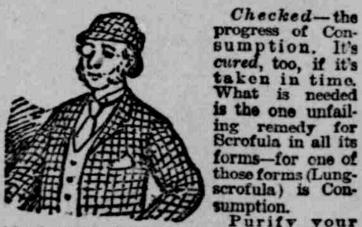
The March Eclectic has among its selection from the English periodicals of the month a prose poem dictated by the late Lord Tennyson, and which afterward took shape as one of the Idyls of the King. There is also a hitherto unpublished poem by Charlotte Bronte. Under the title "A Revival of Witcheraft," Ernest Hart untakes to show that many of the phenomena re-sulting from psychological and hypnotic ex-periments in Paris hospitals are fraudulent. A study of Whittier's work from the Westminster Review, and the Spectator's Phillips Brooks memorial, are given. New York, 144 Eighth

Mr. Stead's report in the March Review of Reviews of the result in his family of six months' experiment in the new method of learning languages will attract general attention. He sums up by saying that "the net result of it all, in my mind, was that whatever else had been done or had not been done, M. Gouin's system had taught my children to think in French." Other leading articles are: "A Study of Our Politics in the Career of Blaine, Lamar, Hayes and Butler;" "America in Hawsii: England in Egypt," and "Phillips Brooks," by Archdeacon Farrar and President Thwing.

American Youth is the title of a new monthly magazine issued at Chicago, the purpose of which is to meet a demand for patriotic literature. Attention will be given to the amusement and entertainment of readers, but especial effort will be made to present in an attractive manner matters relating to American history, govern-ment institutions and literature. Bishop J. L. Spalding, Nixon Waterman, Prof. Francis W. Shepardson, W. S. Harwood and Mary Lowe Dickinson are among the contributors to the initial number. Price, \$1 per year.

The School Review, "a journal of secondary education," edited by President Schurman, of Corn ell University, has, among other interesting educational articles in the February issue, a paper by President Couiter, of Indiana University, on the study and teaching of biology, especially that department of it coming under the head of botany. The writer's high standing as a botanist makes his opinions of 'particular value and importance to students and teachers.

The Silver Cross is the literary organ of the order known as the King's Daughters and Sons. being published monthly by the central council of the society. It is a neat little magazine, bearing the impress of the silver cross, symbol of the order, on its cover, and contains a variety of reading matter bearing upon the benevolent work accomplished and the duty of members. One dollar per year, New York.



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WILL GIVE HIS BRILLIANT LECTURE

6,000 people heard this lecture in the Chicago Auditorium, and over 700 were unable to get admission.

A large advance sale of seats indicates the hall will be crowded to the doors to hear America's greatest orator. Good seats are yet obtainable, but should be Reserved seats 50c, 75c, \$1 and \$1.25. Now on sale,

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Mr. James B. Woolsey. Lecturer and Evargelist, will tell the thrilling and startling story of child-rescue from the horrors of the London siums, at the FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH corner Pennsylvania and New York streets, Monday Puesday and Wednesday evenings, March 13, 14 and 15, at 8 o'clock, and Wednesday afternoon at 4 o'clock. Admission—Adults, 25c; children, 15c. Tickets on sale at D. H. Baldwin's, the Bowen-Mer. rill Co., and at the Church.

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